CHAPTER 7 FIELD REVIEW

CONTENTS

Section	Subject	Page Number
7.1 INTRODU	CTION	7-3
7.2 TYPE ANI	D REQUIREMENT FOR FIELD REVIEW	7-3
.,	Formal Field Review	
	Informal Field Review	
	Required Review	
	PS&E and Construction Administration Procedures	
	Optional Review	7-5
7.3 NOTIFICA	ATION	7-5
	Required Reviews	7-5
	Optional Field Reviews	
7.4 TENTATI	VE PLANS	7-6
7.5 PREPARA	TION OF FIELD REVIEW FORM	7-6
	Field Reviews Attended by Caltrans and the FHWA	7-7
	Optional Field Reviews Not Attended by Caltrans or the FHWA	. 7-7
7.6 FIELD RE	VIEW DATA	7-7
	Scope	7-7
	Environmental Process	
	Right of Way	
	Project Cost	
	Project Administration	
	Project Schedule	7-9
7.7 SUBMITT	AL OF FIELD REVIEW FORM	7-9
	FLOW CHARTS	
Chart	Description	Page Number
7-1 FIELD R	REVIEW PROCEDURES FOR DEVELOPING FEDERAL-AID PROJECTS	7-1
	EXHIBITS	
Exhibit	Description	Page Number
7 A INCTIO	CTIONS FOR FIELD REVIEW FORM	J
/-A INSIKU	CHOIS FOR FIELD REVIEW FORM	
7-B FIELD R	REVIEW FORM	7-13
7-C ROADW	AY DATA	7-15

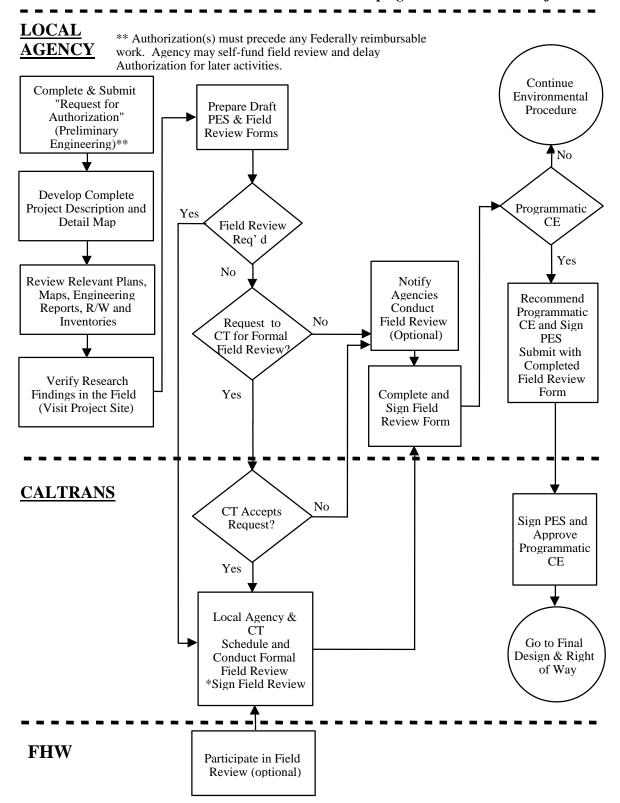
LPP 04-04 March 19, 2004

EXHIBITS CONTINUED

Exhi	bit Description	Page Number
7-D	MAJOR STRUCTURE DATA	7-17
7-E	RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING DATA	7-19
7-F	AIRPORT DATA	7-21
7- G	FIELD REVIEW ATTENDANCE ROSTER	7-23
7-H	EXHIBIT DELETED (BLANK FOR FUTURE USE)	7-25
7-I	SYSTEMS ENGINEERING REVIEW FORM	7-27

LPP 05-01 October 7, 2005

Field Review Procedures For Developing Local Federal-aid Projects*



^{*} For all state highway projects, consult the Caltrans' *Project Development Procedures Manual*, the DLAE and project manager to fully coordinate development responsibilities.

Projects on or impacting the Interstate require FHWA project by project review.

CHAPTER 7 FIELD REVIEW

7.1 INTRODUCTION

In conjunction with the preliminary environmental investigation, an important early action in developing a local transportation project financed with federal-aid funds is the methodical and systematic collection of initial engineering and related project data and information. For this manual, this data gathering project-scoping step is called the "Field Review."

Each agency should establish a process for clearly defining the location, scope, cost, and the other parameters considered when developing a project. This step is very important in guiding the project development team to the successful production of the Plans, Specifications and Estimate (PS&E).

The field review for local agency transportation projects off the State Highway System (SHS) serves the same purpose as the Project Study Report serves for state highway projects. It is intended to bring together all interested parties and come to an agreement on the project requirements necessary to comply with federal and state laws and regulations. For local agency projects on the SHS, consult the Caltrans *Project Development Procedures Manual* (http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/oppd/pdpm/pdpmn.htm), the District Local Assistance Engineer (DLAE), and the project manager to coordinate development responsibilities.

The field review process considers and documents the following actions:

- Assigns a local agency project manager to oversee the project studies, PS&E development and/or construction.
- Brings together representatives from various involved or interested agencies, including, but not limited to, the agency, Caltrans, other regional and local agencies, transit districts, other state or federal permitting agencies, public utilities, and railroads. FHWA may also be represented.
- Affords an opportunity for discussions of alternative proposals.
- Secures agreement on general design features and exceptions to American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards, or 3R,or local standards selected for the project.
- Identifies pedestrian facilities within the project area that will or may need to be brought up to current federal, state and/or local standards to be Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) compliant.
- Determines if the project is a federal-aid Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) project. If so, determines if it is a major, or minor ITS project.
- Determines timing and costs associated with preparing and processing required technical studies and the NEPA document (see "Environmental Procedures" included in Chapter 6, Environmental Procedures of the Local Assistance Procedures Manual (LAPM) and Caltrans *Standard Environmental Reference* [SER] at this website: http://www.dot.ca.gov/ser/vol1/vol1.htm).
- Determines right of way and relocation assistance requirements.

- Discusses and evaluates proposed funding, eligibility requirements, and federal or state participation.
- Determines who advertises, awards, administers (AAA), and maintains the proposed project.
- Defines the project schedule and target advertising date.
- Discusses value analysis; if appropriate (required for NHS projects with an estimated cost of \$25 million or more. For more information on this subject, please see Chapter 12 "Plans, Specifications & Estimate," Section 12.5 "Value Analysis" of this manual.).

7.2 TYPE AND REQUIREMENT FOR FIELD REVIEW

The type of field review chosen for a project depends on many factors including: highway system, project type (State-Authorized or FHWA Full Oversight on Interstate projects), project complexity, total cost and type of funds. The two types of field reviews are formal and informal.

FORMAL FIELD REVIEW

A formal field review can be accomplished by:

- A site (field) inspection, or
- An office meeting, or both.

All parties involved in the project development decisions should be invited to a formal field review. The DLAE should take the lead in the field reviews, take Minutes of the Field Review and circulate the notes to all affected parties afterward.

INFORMAL FIELD REVIEW

Informal field reviews can be accomplished by:

- Small group meetings
- Interagency correspondence
- Phone discussions
- Individual research and data gathering

Exception: Emergency Relief (ER) projects use the FHWA Damage Assessment Form

(DAF) in lieu of any other field review form. An on-site field assessment is

required for all these projects.

REQUIRED REVIEW

Caltrans will determine, if a field review is required for all projects on the National Highway System (NHS). Generally, a field review will only be required for major NHS projects. A project will be considered to be major if:

- The total cost is over \$10 million, or
- It involves an unusual structure (see definitions in Section 2.4 of this manual), or
- It involves multiple projects on a corridor involving more than one agency, or
- Any other complicating factors require a field review.

All required reviews would be formal. In consultation with the local agency, the Caltrans DLAE determines how the formal field review will be accomplished.

Exceptions to the above are as follows:

- A site visit, or "early coordination meeting" may be required, on the grounds of
 environmental sensitivity for protected resources, controversy, or consequences
 (impacts) of the proposed action (see Chapter 6, "Environmental Procedures"). This
 meeting may be part of the formal or informal field review discussed in this chapter or
 held separately.
- For seismic safety retrofit projects, a field review is mandatory as described in Section 7.8 of the *Local Assistance Program Guidelines* (LAPG)

PS&E AND CONSTRUCTION ADMINISTRATION PROCEDURES

When Caltrans requires a field review for major NHS projects, PS&E and construction administration procedures (standards, agencies involved, use of consultants, project management, value analysis, specifications, materials testing, etc.) will be discussed. The PS&E procedures will be put in writing for Caltrans' and FHWA's approval before the local agency starts final design (see Chapter 12, *Plans, Specifications & Estimate* of the LAPM).

The construction administration procedures will also be put in writing. The procedures must be approved by Caltrans and FHWA before construction will be authorized (see Chapter 15, *Advertise and Award Project* of the LAPM).

NHS projects that are not considered "major" will not require these approvals.

OPTIONAL REVIEW

A field review is optional for all projects off the NHS (non-NHS). The field review is also optional for all NHS projects determined by Caltrans to be minor in nature. It is a suggested practice for all projects.

7.3 NOTIFICATION

The local agency contacts the DLAE to discuss when and how they wish to proceed with project implementation, if this was not already done as part of the initial project authorization process.

REQUIRED REVIEWS

For required field reviews, the DLAE determines the type of field review required and coordinates, as appropriate, with the local agency on scheduling. The DLAE notifies Caltrans and FHWA attendees. The local agency is responsible for making other review preparations and notifying other interested parties. Each attendee should receive a copy of the draft Field Review Form before the actual field review.

In addition to the district local assistance representative, Caltrans attendees, when applicable, should include an environmental reviewer, a right of way reviewer, and a representative from the Office of Structure Design (if a structure is involved). In order to optimize their value to the local agencies, these Caltrans specialists should become familiar with the project prior to attending the field reviews. Others may attend as appropriate. If the project involves a state highway, a representative from the appropriate District Project Development or Traffic Branch must be contacted to determine their involvement in the project development, and the need for a Project Report and encroachment permit.

A representative from FHWA should be consulted for all projects on the NHS for which FHWA has Full Oversight, and those which may require an environmental document more complex than a Programmatic Categorical Exclusion (PCE). Request for FHWA consultation should be coordinated through the DLAE (see Chapter 2, *Roles and Responsibilities* and Chapter 6, *Environmental Procedures*, for further details).

OPTIONAL FIELD REVIEWS

For projects that Caltrans has determined, a field review is not required. The local agency is responsible for deciding whether to perform a field review (formal or informal) and for notifying all potentially affected agencies, utility companies, etc. and making arrangements for any on-site or office meetings. In deciding whether and how to conduct a review, an agency should consider the following factors: functional classification, project type and State-Authorized/FHWA Full Oversight status, project complexity, total cost, interested, and affected parties and type of funds.

If a local agency wishes Caltrans (or FHWA) staff to participate in the field review process, a request must be made to the DLAE. Caltrans' participation is based on the following factors:

- Availability of Caltrans staff and time requirements
- Experience of local agency staff
- Complexity of project, type of structures
- Funding program
- Environmental, right of way and design issues

For railroad crossing projects, the PUC participates in the review process.

Discussions with the DLAE should also indicate whether Caltrans' participation in any subsequent phases of the project is expected. This is especially important if PS&E reviews are needed for structures. Caltrans and the agency should reach a clear agreement early in the process on the extent of Caltrans' staff participation in any phase of project development.

7.4 TENTATIVE PLANS

The local agency should have a tentative plan as well as horizontal and vertical alignment sketches available for review by participants, either prior to, or at the field review. On projects that involve bridges, the agency should also provide preliminary hydrologic and hydraulic data (see Exhibit 11-D). This information need not be in great detail, but sufficient to make an engineering review of the proposal.

7.5 PREPARATION OF FIELD REVIEW FORM

The local agency shall prepare and complete the Field Review Form (Exhibit 7-B [or DAF for ER projects]) for <u>all</u> federal-aid projects, even if a Field Review were not required. (For ER projects, the DAF is used in lieu of the Field Review Form-see Chapter 11 of the LAPG) The field review form documents the results and decisions of the field review and other initial project research. It also provides data necessary to prepare the "Request for Authorization" and the Program Supplement Agreement.

The field review process and documents should be completed, as early as possible. For HBRR funded (Bridge) projects, the field review documents, including major structure data sheets, must be completed prior to any request for authorization. For other types of projects, authorization for preliminary engineering may be granted prior to submittal of the field review to Caltrans when federal reimbursement is needed, to hire consultants or others in order to obtain information needed to complete the field review. The field review document must be completed and submitted prior to, or concurrently with the first occurrence of either step below:

- Initial submittal of the PES form (completed and with supporting information attached) for Caltrans and/or FHWA approval (see Chapter 6, "Environmental Procedures")
- Submittal of the Agreements Checklist requesting a Supplemental Agreement

FIELD REVIEWS ATTENDED BY CALTRANS AND THE FHWA

For projects on the NHS, early review and discussions should be held with the DLAE and the FHWA engineer. Similar early discussions should occur for HBRR funded (Bridge) projects to ensure funding eligibility.

If a field review is required, Caltrans and the FHWA will attend. Caltrans and the FHWA may also attend optional field reviews if requested. The local agency shall fill out the Field Review Form as completely as possible prior to the field review, and send a copy with a location map to each of the interested parties attending the field review. This allows the participants to come to the meeting prepared to discuss the specific issues and methodologies, which can lead to successful project implementation. The earliest date for the field review should be two weeks after the receipt of the draft Field Review Form by the district. Copies for the FHWA, Division of Local Assistance, and Office of Structure Design must be submitted to the district for further transmittal.

Caltrans has delegated design exception approval authority to the City/County Public Works Director (see Chapter 11, "Design Standards" of this manual). However, proposed design exceptions should be identified and discussed at the field review.

The Field Review Form should be updated and signed by the local agency, district, and FHWA representatives, as appropriate, at the field review even if some of the questions remain unanswered. Information determined after the field review is to be provided by the local agency as a supplement to the Field Review Form and may require FHWA concurrence.

OPTIONAL FIELD REVIEWS NOT ATTENDED BY CALTRANS OR THE FHWA

If the field review is optional and Caltrans and the FHWA will not be attending, the local agency may complete the Field Review Form without a formal or informal review or meeting. An on-site visit by the project engineer and project manager is recommended as good practice to verify the data and information used to complete the forms. The forms should be transmitted to the DLAE as soon as they are complete.

7.6 FIELD REVIEW DATA

SCOPE

The project must be defined in sufficient detail to accurately specify where it is, why it is necessary and what will be done. This process of project definition began with the planning and programming process. Now, further details are needed to clarify the limited FSTIP information with the specific project location, system and conditions as they currently exist and as they will be upon project completion. If the scope changes significantly from the approved FSTIP description, now or at any time during project development, a FSTIP amendment may be necessary. Items 1 to 5 on the "Field Review Form" (Exhibit 7-B) and Exhibits 7-C ("Roadway Data"), 7-D ("Major Structure Data"), 7-E ("Railroad Grade Crossing Data"), vicinity maps, typical

section(s), alternative sketches, signal warrants, and collision diagrams, as appropriate, provide data related to the general scope of the project. For non-roadway projects, the Field Review Form and attachments would be modified as appropriate for the project activity and scope, e.g., site plans, work plans, building sketches.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROCESS

All federal-aid projects must undergo a documented environmental review and receive a federally approved environmental document before proceeding to final design, right of way acquisition or construction. The documentation of how the decision was made to perform a particular technical study or recommend a specific class of action (CE, EA, EIS) under NEPA is equally as important as environmental approval. Environmental requirements and procedures for processing required technical studies and the NEPA document are discussed in Chapter 6 of this manual. Specific information regarding the format and content of required technical studies and NEPA documents (CE, EA, EIS) is contained in the SER.

The "Preliminary Environmental Study (PES) Form," Exhibit 6-A is designed to identify:

- The existing condition of the project area
- The potential existence of sensitive environmental resources within the project area
- Required technical studies
- The responsible or regulatory agencies where early coordination or consultation is necessary or where approvals and permits are needed

RIGHT OF WAY

The need to acquire right of way or relocate utilities can significantly affect project development, especially costs and scheduling. Activity within Caltrans right of way requires coordination and an encroachment permit. Federal laws and regulations must be followed if there is FHWA participation in any project phase, whether in R/W phase or only in the construction phase. The acquisition and relocation program will be conducted in accordance with the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisitions Policies Act of 1970, as amended (42 US Code 4801, et. seq.). Item 7 of the "Field Review Form" (Exhibit 7-B) highlights the possible right of way activities with a cost estimate breakdown. The need for utility relocation should be identified.

PROJECT COST

Good initial estimates are needed to define whether there are sufficient funds available to implement the project. Item 7 of the Field Review Form provides for an overview by phase and anticipated Federal participation. Item 8 can be used to further break this down by federal fund type and state funding. State or local funds are normally required to match the federal funds. To the greatest extent possible, FHWA funded projects should be funded at the full federal participating ratio (see Chapter 3, "Project Authorization," Section 3.2, "Underfunding Policy").

PROJECT ADMINISTRATION

The agency submitting the request is normally responsible for administering all phases of the project. If another arrangement is expected, this should be noted. If the agency plans to hire a consultant to assist with any phase, this should be noted. This

allows the agency to work sufficient time into their schedule for consultant selection (see Chapter 10, "Consultant Selection"). If the state is expected to administer any phase or to review the PS&E, hold early discussions with the appropriate Caltrans district to ensure that the required staff is available when needed. A cooperative agreement is needed to define work and cost sharing responsibilities.

PROJECT SCHEDULE

A federal project is normally scheduled for a specific year in the FHWA approved FSTIP document. While the funds are usually carried forward into new FTIP and FSTIP adoptions, this is at the discretion of the MPO. For State funded projects, the specific program guidelines define the year or years the program funds are available. The delivery schedule for advertising should be reviewed to see if the project could be developed in a timely manner. The items discussed above define some of the critical steps in this effort. For federally funded projects, if there will be significant delays, the agency should work with the MPO to reschedule the work through a current FSTIP amendment or into the next FSTIP. State program guidelines define the appropriate actions for the State funded projects. In non-MPO areas, contact the Caltrans District FSTIP coordinator for necessary amendments.

7.7 SUBMITTAL OF FIELD REVIEW FORM

As soon as formal or informal discussions and review are complete, the local agency prepares the final Field Review Form and attachments (see Section 7.5 above for the latest times for completion). If a field review is required for NHS projects, all appropriate forms and attachments shall be completed. If the field review is optional, the two page Field Review summary (Exhibit 7-B) must be completed, as a minimum. See the brackets ("[]") notation under Item 12 of Exhibit 7-B for additional attachments.

The local agency consults with the district regarding the number of copies to be sent. The district forwards a Field Review Form (two if a bridge is involved) with the required attachments to the Division of Local Assistance. The local agency may wish to provide copies to their MPO and other interested parties.

The project engineer and project manager should periodically review the Field Review Form and data to ensure that the project development is proceeding as initially proposed or that significant changes have been approved.

The field review document must be completely filled out and submitted prior to or concurrently with the first occurrence of either step below:

- Initial submittal of the PES form (completed and with supporting information attached) for Caltrans and/or FHWA approval (see Chapter 6, "Environmental Procedures")
- Submittal of the Agreements Checklist requesting a Supplemental Agreement

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FIELD REVIEW FORM

The Applicant shall complete the Field Review Form in accordance with Chapter 7, "Field Review" of this manual. The District Local Assistance Engineer (DLAE) should be consulted for clarification. If Caltrans or other interested parties are to be involved in meetings, to assist in completion, the applicant should fill out the form as completely, as possible prior to any meeting(s). The form must be completely filled out prior to submission of the PES Form.

Item 1. PROJECT LIMITS

Briefly describe the physical limits or nature of project. Attach a list, as needed, for multiple or various locations. Indicate length of project to nearest one-tenth of mile. Use 0.1, if a spot location. Include additional sheets, if needed, to clearly define the project location or scope of work.

Item 2. WORK DESCRIPTION

Briefly describe major components of the proposed work, e.g., signals, bridge replacement, ridesharing, pedestrian features, etc.

Item 3. PROGRAMMING DATA

All federal-aid funded projects (except Emergency Relief [ER], unless additional capacity is being added) are required to be on the most current FHWA/FTA approved FSTIP. If project is within an MPO area, indicate the MPO or RTPA's FTIP¹ that includes project and the fiscal years of FTIP. Also list the page of FTIP or Amendment Project Planning Number (PPNO), if available and FHWA/FTA approval date. For non-MPO areas include same information from FSTIP.

Indicate the federal funds and phases listed in the FTIP/FSTIP. For CMAQ projects name the Air Basin.

Item 4. FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION

For a roadway project, check appropriate functional classification category. See the discussions of specific fund programs in the *Local Assistance Program Guidelines* (LAPG) for system eligibility. Indicate N/A for projects not related to a specific road or street system.

Item 5. STEWARDSHIP CATEGORY

For roadway projects, indicate if project is on the National Highway System (NHS), and whether project is State-Authorized or a FHWA Full Oversight project on the Interstate per stewardship agreement. With some exceptions, projects on the State Highway System are subject to Caltrans Oversight, and on the Interstate are subject to FHWA Full Oversight; otherwise, the project is subject to DLAE oversight. Refer to Figure 2-1, "Required FHWA Oversight Federal-Funded Projects" in Chapter 2 of this manual.

Item 6. CALTRANS ENCROACHMENT PERMIT REQUIRED

An encroachment permit is required for projects encroaching within the state highway right of way. The applicant should contact the District Permit Officer early in the process.

-

¹ The FTIP must be incorporated into an FHWA approved FSTIP.

Item 7. COST BREAKDOWN ESTIMATE

List estimated breakdown of all project phases and indicate phases for which federal participation will be requested. Include all known costs, but include each cost in only one group. (For structures related projects financed with Highway Bridge Replacement and Rehabilitation [HBRR] funds; the current HBRR operating procedures limit preliminary engineering costs, including environmental costs to 25% of the total construction cost. Any exceptions must be approved in writing by the HBRR program manager.)

Item 8. PROPOSED FUNDING

Fill in total cost of federal-funded project, type, and amount of federal-aid funds, i.e. STP, CMAQ, etc., and the matching-fund breakdown.

If state funds are involved, indicate source such as STIP.

Item 9. PROJECT ADMINISTRATION

Indicate name of agency that will be responsible for administering each project phase. Also indicate the use of a consultant for any phase. Indicate if Caltrans' review of PS&E will be requested. If Yes, begin discussions with DLAE on availability of staff. All PS&E documents to be reviewed must be in Caltrans format.

Item 10. SCHEDULES

The local agency should indicate their proposed advertisement date. This will give the involved parties a date for scheduling. However, the discussion of requirements and time frames may require adjustment of the advertisement date. Critical dates in the schedule should be noted in the remarks.

ITEM 11. PROJECT MANAGER'S CONCURRENCE

The local agency project manager shall sign and date the field review form to signify agreement on the parameters proposed for development of the project. The DLAE and FHWA representative shall sign the document when attending field reviews. This document is then a guidance reference for further development of the project to assure that it adheres to the programmed concept, or that any changes is approved by the manager (and/or DLAE and FHWA, if appropriate).

Item 12. LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

The first two items are appropriate for all reviews. Others to be added depend on the type of project. For required field reviews, all applicable attachments must be submitted. For optional field reviews, see the "[]" notations for attachments required for specific types of projects. All existing federal, state, or local Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) deficiencies, if not identified on other Attachments, should be listed here

Note: The Federal Damage Assessment Form (DAF) shall be used as the field review document for Emergency Relief projects.

FIELD REVIEW FORM

Local Agency								
Project Number				Locator (Dst/Co/Rte/PM/Agncy)				
Project Name					Bridge No.(s)			
1	DD O IE CE L	DATES (· 1 · · ·		_			
1.	PROJECT L	IMITS (see attached list	for various locations)					
_		- CD VDEVOV	Net L	ength	(mile)		
2.	WORK DES	CRIPTION						
		r element: Yes N						
3.	PROGRAMI	MING DATA FTIP	(MPO/RTPA)		FY	Page		
	Amendment	No ls \$	FTIP PPNO	FHWA.	FTA Approval Date			
	Federal Fund	ls \$	Phases PE		R/W	Const		
1		AL CLASSIFICATION						
т.	URBAN	THE CERTION		RURAL				
		Arterial:	•		oal Arterial:			
		rterial:			Arterial:			
	Collector				Collector:			
	Local:				Collector:			
				Rural	Local:			
5.		SHIP CATEGORY						
		Oversight (Stewardship)						
	State-Author	ized (Stewardship): Yes	• •	•	Yes			
			(b) District C	Construction	n oversight: Yes	No		
	ITS project of	or element requiring FH	WA oversight per stew	ardship:	Yes	No		
6.	CALTRANS	ENCROACHMENT P	ERMIT Is it required?	Yes	No			
7.		MATE BREAKDOWN	\$1	,000's	Fed. Parti	cipation		
	(Including S							
	PE	Environmental Process						
		Design						
		System Manager/Integ	grator					
	CONST	Const. Contract				No		
	~ ~~	Const. Engineer.				No		
	R/W	•	k		Yes	No		
		Acquisition:	,		Yes	No		
		(No. of Parcels)		Yes	No		
		(Easements			_ Yes	No		
		(Right of Entry)		Yes	No		
		RAP (No. Families)			Yes	No		
		RAP (No. Bus Utilities (Exclude if in	<i>)</i> cluded in		Yes	No		
		contract items)	CIUUCU III		Yes	No		
		contract items i						

8.	PROPOSED FUNDI	NG	Total Cost		Cost Share			
	Grand Total Federal Program	#1	\$ \$	 Fed	\$	Reimb. F	Patio	
	(Name/App. Code)		\$ \$		\$ \$	_ Reimb. F		
	Matching Funds Break				\$		%	
	· ·	State:			\$		%	
		Other:			\$		%	
	State Highway Funds?							_
	State CMAQ/RSTP M Is the Project Underfur				No		Yes	No
9.	PROJECT ADMINIST		owed Kellilo.)				168	
٠.	TROJECT TEMINIO		A	gency	Co	nsultant	St	ate
	PE	Environ Process						
		Design						
		System Man./In	teg					
	R/W	All Work						
	CONST ENGR	Contract						
	CONSTRUCTION	Contract						
	MAINTENANCE							
	Will Coltmans ha magua	atad to marriagy DC &	-T2				Vac	No
10	Will Caltrans be reques SCHEDULES: PRO			re -				_ No
10.	Other critical dates:							
11	. PROJECT MANA	GER'S CONCL	JRRENCE					
						.		
	Local Entity					Date:		
	Signature & Title							 -
		ad? Vas						
	Is field review require	tcs						
	Caltrans (District):					Date:		
	Signature & Title:							
12.	LIST OF ATTACHI	MENTS (Include	all appropriate an-NHS projects)	attachments				
		ap (Required for Co						
		.F (-37	j /				
	IF APPLICABLE (0	Complete as require	ed depending on	type of wor	rk involved)			
		oata Sheets [Req'd t						
		adway Geometric S		for Roadw				
		cture Data Sheet [R				al Warrants		
		rade Crossing Data				sion Diagram	da Ctata	mant
		a Sheet (if within 1 ach Proposed Alter		nt		ection of Wetlar AQ/RSTP State		
			mate miproveme	iit		-		
		tion Document	al ADA defect	.:		ems Engineering		
	=	deral, state, and loc		cies	(SE	RF) (Req'd for	118 proje	ects)
	not include	ed on other Attachn	nents.					

A. MINUTE	S OF FIELD	REVIEWS				
i. Will to I L	S OI TILLD	TE VIE VI				
B. ISSUES (OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	ECT		
B. ISSUES (OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	ECT		
B. ISSUES (OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	ECT		
B. ISSUES (OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	ECT		
B. ISSUES (OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	ECT		
B. ISSUES (OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	ECT		
B. ISSUES (OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	ECT		
B. ISSUES (OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	TECT		
B. ISSUES (OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	ECT		
B. ISSUES (OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	TECT		
B. ISSUES (OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	ECT		
B. ISSUES	OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	TECT		
B. ISSUES (OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	TECT		
B. ISSUES (OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	TECT		
B. ISSUES (OR UNUSUA	AL ASPECT	S OF PROJ	TECT		

(Attachment to Field Review Form)

Distribution: Original with attachments – Local Agency Copy with attachments (2 copies if HBRR) - DLAE

ROADWAY DATA

1.	TRAF	FIC DATA	Λ						
	Currei Terrai	nt ADT n (Check C n Speed	Year (One)	200 Fut Fla	ture ADT	Ye Rolling	ear 200 DI Moun	HV T tainous	rucks%
			Zone	Yes	. 1	nph	_	No	
2.	GEON	METRIC IN	IFORMATI(ROADWAY	SECTION			
				T	hru Traffic La	nes	Shoul	ders	
Fa Exi	ncility	Year Constr.	Min. Curve Radius	No. of Lanes	Total Width	Туре	Each Width Lt/Rt	Туре	Median Width
Pro									
Mi	n. Stds. ASHTO	R							
		N/E Contig							
		S/W Conti	g Sect.				<u> </u>		
3.	DEFIG	CIENCIES Pavem Alignn Crossf	OF EXISTI ent Surface nent all ent Structure	NG FACILIT	ΓΥ (Mark ap) Drain Bridg Safety Feder access Other	propriate one age e (Attach coll al Americans billity require (describe be	lision diagram or s w/ Disabilities A rements	other docum Act (ADA), S	
4.	TRAF	FIC SIGNA	ALS	Yes	_New (attach	warrants)	Modified		_No
5.	MAJO	OR STRUC	TURES	Structure			(attach	structure da	ta sheet)
6.	OTHE	Nor Rai Airj Tra	ne lroad ports nsit		ES (Name)		(att	ach railroad d ach airport da	

7.	AGENCIES AFFECTE	D			
	Utilities [mark appropri-	ate one(s)]	Telephone Water Other	 Electrical Irrigation Sanitary	 Gas
	Major Utility Adjustment:			 	
	High Risk Facilities:			 	
	Other:				
	Remarks:				

(Attachment to Field Review Form)

MAJOR STRUCTURE DATA

(Attach a separate sheet for each structure)

Project Number						
Bridge Name (facility crossed))					_
State Br. No	Date Constructe	ed	His	storical Brid	lge Inv. Category	
Road Name		L	ocation			
STRUCTURE DATA						
	Existing		Propose	d	Minimum AAS Standard	
Structure Type						
Structure Length						
Spans (No. & Length)						
Clear Width (Curb to curb)						
Shoulder Width	Lt	Rt	Lt	Rt	Lt	Rt
Sidewalks or bikeway width	Lt	Rt	Lt	Rt	Lt	Rt
Total Br. Width						
Total Appr. Rdwy. Width						
1. Preliminary Engineering b	y .					
2. Design by	-					
3. Foundation Investigation I	by .					
4. Hydrology Study by	-					
Detour, Stage construction, or	Close Road					
Len	gth of Detour					
Resident Engineer for Bridge	Work: Ager	ncy Co	onsultant (On R	Letainer as C	City/County Engine	eer)
Responsible Local Official						
Discuss any special conditions design exceptions.	; for example, fee	deral ADA, s	tate or local acc	cessibility re	equirements, or pro	oposed

ESTIMATED STRUCTURE AND RELATED COSTS:

			Federally
Bridge Cost Construct Bridge Bridge Removal Slope Protection Channel Work Detour - Stage Construction Approach Roadway Preliminary Engineering Construction Engineering Right of Way Costs Utility Relocation			Participating Yes No
Mobilization Total			
Type of HBRR funds: Check one (Major type if more than one)	Seismic/Voluntary (88.53% Fed. Share Rehabilitation (80% Replacement (80% Railing (88.53%)	Painting Special (
Summarize <u>HBRR</u> funded costs of above estimat (HBRR Federal-aid + local match for HBRR only		imated date for Feder & Obligation or Checl	
Prelim. Eng. \$		☐ Not needed for th	nis project
Right of Way \$		☐ Not needed for th	nis project
Construction. \$		☐ Not needed for th	nis project
Total \$			
Remarks			
***** The following must be attached if the p	project is funded by the	HBRR Program:	_
1. Plan view of proposed improv	ements.		
2. Typical Section.			
***** The following is recommended:			
 Right of way map to determine necessary. 	e whether right of way ac	quisition or construct	ion easements are
(Attachment to Field Review Form)			

RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING DATA

(Separate Sheet for each crossing)

Project Number /Name:				
Name of Railroad:				
Location (Road, City, or	r County, and Xin	g No.):		
Vehicular Traffic:	Daily Traffic us	ing crossing	No. of Lanes	Speeds (mph)
No. of Exist. Tracks:	Main Line	_ Branch Line _	Passin	g Other
No. of Future Tracks:	No. o	of Daily Trains; Pas	senger Fre	ight Total
Maximum Speeds:	Passenger	Freight		
Protection in Place:				
Protection Proposed:				
Skew of Xing	Min. Sight D	ist. (along track wh	en driver is 100 feet fr	rom Xing)
Trains at Night? (Y/N)		_ Seasonal Trai	n Traffic? (Y/N)	
Геп-Year Accident Reco	ord	Accidents	Killed	Injured
	required:			
Proposed financing	of crossing protec	tion:		
T 1 10 10	_	_	protection as a "G" (s	afety) project using 100%
NOTE: Attach sketch sl	showing relationsh	ip of old and new co	ossing.	
Remarks:	-			

Distribution: Original with attachments-Local Agency

Copy with attachments (2 copies if HBRR) - DLAE

AIRPORT DATA

(Separate Sheet for each airport)

	Agency:	
	Locator (DistCoRoute-Agcy. Abbreviation):	
	Project Number /Name:	
NAME		
LOCATION		
RUNWAY		
Direction		
Distance from Project		
SLOPE RATIO		
FAA FORM 7460-1*		
FAA FORWI 7400-1	(Indicate status, attach if available)	
REMARKS		

^{*} Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration: Required per FAA Regulations 14 CFR, Part 77

FIELD REVIEW ATTENDANCE ROSTER

Date		Project No./Name	
Project L	ocation		
Name			
	(Please Print)	(Organization)	(Phone Number)
1			
2			
5			
6			
7			
8			
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
11			
12			
13			
14			
15.			
17			
18			
19			

SYSTEMS ENGINEERING REVIEW FORM

This form needs to be filled out for all ITS projects. For major all ITS projects, this completed form needs to be submitted to FHWA for review and approval prior to PE authorization (Phase 1 PE authorization).

For all major ITS projects, a System Engineering Management Plan (SEMP), which includes the seven items below, must be submitted to FHWA for review and approval prior to PE authorization for final or detailed design (Phase 2 PE authorization. The 2-phased authorization only applies to Major ITS projects.

For guidance in filling out the seven items below, see last part of this exhibit. 1. Identification of portions of the Regional ITS Architecture (RA) being implemented: 2. Identification of participating agencies roles and responsibilities: 3. Requirements definitions: 4. Analysis of alternative system configurations and technology options to meet requirements: 5. Procurement options: 6. Identification of applicable ITS standards and testing procedures: 7. Procedures and resources necessary for operations and management of the system:

Address the above items to the degree possible at Field Review stage and acknowledge commitment to address during system design in the early stages of the SE process.

1. Identification of portions of the RA being implemented:

(Identify which user services; physical subsystems, information flows, and market packages are being completed as part of the project, and how these pieces are part of the RA.)

2. Identification of participating agencies roles and responsibilities (concept of operations):

(For the user services to be implemented: define the high-level operations of the system, including where the system will be used; functions of the system capabilities; performance parameters; the life cycle of the system; and who will operate and maintain the system. Establish requirements or agreements on information sharing and traffic device control responsibilities. The RA Operational Concept is a good starting point for discussion.)

3. Requirements definitions:

(Based on the concept of operations in 2. above, define the "what" and not "how" of the system. During early stages of the Systems Engineering [SE] process, they will be broken down into detailed requirements for eventual detailed design. The applicable high-level functional requirements from the RA are a good starting point for discussion. A review of the requirements by the project stakeholders is recommended.)

4. Analysis of alternative system configurations and technology options to meet requirements:

(The analysis of system alternatives should outline the strengths and weaknesses, technical feasibility, institutional compatibility, and life cycle costs of each alternative. The project stakeholders should have input in choosing the preferred solution.)

5. Procurement options:

(Some procurement [contracting] options to consider include: consultant design/low bid contractor, systems manager, systems integrator, task order, and design/build. Deciding on the best procurement option should consider the level of agency participation, compatibility with existing procurement methods, role of system integrator, and life cycle costs.)

6. Identification of applicable ITS standards and testing procedures:

(Include documentation on which standards will be incorporated into the system design and justification for any applicable standards not incorporated. The standards report from the RA is a good starting point for discussion.)

7. Procedures and resources necessary for operations and management of the system:

(In addition to the concept of operations in 2. above, document any internal policies or procedures necessary to recognize and incorporate the new system into their current operations and decision processes. Resources necessary to support continued operations, including staffing and training must also be recognized early and be provided. Such resources must also be provided to support necessary maintenance and upkeep to ensure continued system viability.)

(Attachment to Field Review Form)